黃葛樹 (Big-Leaved Fig)

Ficus virens

落葉喬木,中國和澳洲北部原產植物,高度可達18米,於夏季至秋季會結出紫紅色果實。黃葛樹的花藏在隱頭花序『無花果』中,只有特定的榕小蜂能進入花序內替它傳播花粉,而樹身都會長出果實經常吸引雀鳥飛來啄食。黃葛樹適應力強,能在惡劣的土壤環境中茁壯生長,需要較大的土壤空間容納其發達的根系,例如板根或支柱根。相比細葉榕,其氣根並不明顯。

Big-Leaved Fig is a deciduous tree species native to China and Northern Australia. It can reach a height of up to 18 meters and produces purple-red fruits (figs) from April to October. It produces small, inconspicuous flowers called "figs" that are pollinated by specific fig wasps. The tree produces fruits which attracts birds to feed on them. Ficus virens has a strong adaptability and can grow well in harsh soil environments. It requires large growing space to accommodate its developed root system, such as buttress roots and anchor roots. Compared to Ficus microcarpa, the growth of aerial roots is not prominent.

名稱	黄葛樹 (大葉榕)
Common Name	Big-leaved Fig
品種名稱 Botanical Name	Ficus virens
科	桑科
Family	Moraceae
花期	四月至十月
Flowering Period	April to October
果期	四月至十月
Fruiting Period	April to October
校園分佈位置	中國花園及學生宿舍
Where to find in CityU	Chinese Garden and Student Residence



落葉 deciduous



黃葛樹(前)及細葉榕對比 contrast between Ficus virens (front) and Ficus microcarpa

